Spingomonas Paucimobilis Septic Arthritis Post COVID- Case report

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4 Abstract:

- 5 In the current pandemic of covid 19, and its treatment has changed the entire presentation of
- 6 other diseases.. In this pandemic on covid 19 the treatment of covid has deranged the immune
- 7 status of many and has facilitated emergence of rare bacterial infection. Spingomonas
- 8 Paucimobilis is a rare cause of infection in clinical setting but covid or its treatment has cause
- 9 emergence of relatively rare infections.
- 10 A 59 year old lady came to outpatient department with complaints of pain right hip since 1
- 11 month and limping. On evaluation she was found to have intra osseous abscess with septic
- 12 arthritis of hip caused by Sphingomonas Paucimobilis, with timely intervention an
- 13 appropriate antibiotic therapy full recovery was possible
- 14 In this era of covid 19 pandemic every symptom should be considered significant and
- 15 evaluated and appropriate diagnosis and timely intervention is crucial to prevent catastrophic
- 16 complications
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- 18 Key words; covid 19; Septic arthritis; spingomonas Paucimobilis; Osteomyelitis; infection

1920 Introduction:

- 21 Sphingomonas paucimobilis is an emerging opportunistic bacterium with a particular affinity
- toward Musculoskeletal system. It is a gram-negative rod that can infect both
- 23 immunosuppressed and immunocompetent individuals. Outcome of infected patients is
- 24 generally good, but rarely morbidity and mortality cases have both been reported. In this
- 25 pandemic on covid 19 the treatment of covid has deranged the immune status of many and
- 26 has facilitated emergence of rare bacterial infection. Among S. paucimobilis nosocomial
- 27 infections, osteomyelitis is particularly rare[1].We report a case of Sphingomonas
- 28 Paucomobilis septic arthritis in a post covid individual
- 29

30 Case report:

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- 32 A 59 year old lady came to outpatient department with complaints of pain right hip for 1
- 33 month and limping. She was apparently normal one month back when she had experiencing
- 34 the pain . No history of fever/constitutional symptoms.No history of trauma. She had Covid
- 35 infection 3 months back (category 3) which was managed with supportive care including
- 36 steroids.(Methyl prednisolone infusion of 80 mg/day in 240 mL normal saline at 10 mL/h
- 37 for 8 days followed by oral 20 mg IV twice daily until CRP returns to < 20% of normal range
- 38 and/or Pa02:Fi02 > 400 or SatHb02 \geq 95%.(For 3 weeks))
- 39 Her medical history revealed she had Type 2 diabetes mellitus which was well controlled.
- 40 On clinical evaluation she had a antalgic gait with normal passive range of movement which
- 41 was terminally restricted due to pain and spasm. Systemic examination was normal
- 42 Blood panel showed white blood cell count of 7.9 K/ul CRP 32 ESR 44
- 43
- 44 Her radiographs were within normal limits but MRI showed bone marrow oedema in right
- 45 femoral head and neck with intra osseous abscess associated with joint effusion and mild
- 46 synovial thickening(Figure 1), suggestive of osteomyelitis with septic arthritis of the right
- 47 hip. She was manged surgically with emergency arthrotomy wash out and drainage of
- 48 abscess , intra operatively cultures were taken and it showed growth of Sphingomonas
- 49 Paucimobilis (figure 2) sensitive to fluro quinolones. She was started on ciprofloxacin for

1 2

- 50 three months and she improved clinically, blood markers showed decreasing acute phase
- 51 reactants
- 52

53 Discussion :

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55 Covid infection and its treatment with use of immunosuppressive drugs including steroids

- has caused emergence of rare pathogenic organism causing unusual presentation of
- 57 osteomyelitis and septic arthritis. Although it is an organism of low clinical virulence,
- 58 infection caused by S. Paucimobilis can lead to septic shock.[2]
- 59
- 60 Sphingomonas Paucimobilis is a glucose-nonfermenting Gram-negative bacillus that is found
- 61 in both natural environment and hospitals. This organism has been isolated and cultured
- 62 from nebulizers, intravenous solutions, ventilators and other hospital
- 63 devices.[3]Earliest reports have associated *Sphingomonas paucimobilis* with
- 64 nosocomial infections and/or immunosuppressed patients, but most recent ones
- showed that the prevalence of this organism in community-related infections
- and/or immunocompetent hosts has been underestimated [4] Its susceptibility to other
- 67 antimicrobial agents including third-generation cephalosporins and fluoroquinolones is
- 68 variable. In addition, the organism is usually resistant to penicillins and to first-generation 69 cephalosporins. [5,6]
- 70 71

For COVID infections the treatment guidelines are still controversial, the administration of
 steoids has clinically shown improvement in many [7]. In our case although it is difficult to
 ascertain whether the covid infection or its treatment had direct influence on the infection

- 75 with spingomonas Paucimobilis, the occurance of unlikely infection poses a definitive
- 76 question on the changes on the immune system made by the pandemic and its management.
- 77

78 Conclusion:

- 79 Covid infection and its treatment has opened the world to a new era of organisms.
- 80 Although low virulent organism proper timely diagnosis and timely intervention and
- 81 appropriate antibiotic can prevent deadly complications in such cases. There are no
- 82 standardized and recommended for therapies of *S.paucimobilis* infections. Thus, antibiotic
- 83 treatment rested on clinical experience. The duration of treatment is according to the clinical
- response of the patients.[8] Larger studies are required to establish the relationship between
- covid infection or its treatment and emergence of such infections and guideline for its their
 prevention.
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- 88 Informed consent and Consent for publication, was obtained as per institutional protocol
- 89 Ethical approval,: obtained as per institutional protocol
- 90 Conflict of interest : none
- 91 Funding : nil
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94 Reference:95

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- 129 Figure legends:
- 130 Figure 1 : MRI image showing intra osseous abscess and septic arthritis
- 131 Figure 2 : Culture plate showing growth of organism