Original Research Article

awareness Assessment of medications used for weight gain among Sudanese women

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Abstract:

Background: Body shape is an important thing, especially in some cultures for some societies like in Sudan. Weight gain is sometimes related to cultural heritage in some African countries, as it is in Sudan, For example, in Sudan, if a girl is skinny and she is about to get married, the mother is very interested in increasing her weight to become more beautiful as she thinks. these traditions have changed in some, but we find many women who are very interested in increasing their weigh {1}, This is may what leads to some unregulated recipes for use to gain weight. so Most of the participants (57.7%) were aged between 29 to 38 years Which is considered youthful age And (65.4%) of them were either secondary or primary education, most of them (53.8%) are married who are one of the groups that tend to gain weight, there are a number of sources from which prescription information is taken for weight gain drugs, most of which are non-pharmacy, such as boutiques (42.3%), which are unreliable sources from which these drugs can be taken,

Objectives: The aim objective of this study was to assess the extent of Sudanese women's knowledge about the use of off label drugs, which those used in weight gain .

specific objectives was to know the types of medicine used and how they affect the body and how to get these drugs and make some advices.

method used: The descriptive cross-sectional analytical study was conducted among 1100 women(, from November 2021 to March 2022) but the analysis targeted only 260 who were using medicine to gain weight or had used them before. The questionnaire included the demographic information of the participants, such as age, education level, and place of residence. It also contained their information about the types of medicine used, how to purchase them and their effects ., then the data was analyzed using the SPSS program and placed in the tables.

Sampling: The questionnaire targeted all women present in some of the wedding houses in Omdurman, Khartoum State, and those who did not agree to filling out the questionnaire were excluded.

.**Problem Statement:** There are very few studies published on this subject, and because there is a problem in the illegal use of these medicine and their spread, the attempt in this study is to shed light so that officials are alerted., it was necessary to highlight it in order to alert the officials to this problem.

Hypotheses: Based on my observation of the rapid increase in weight for some young women and girls, and as I hear a lot about the complications of drugs used to gain weight, I expected that many women do not know much about these drugs and just want to reach their goal, which is weight gain.

Setting: Omdurman is the second largest city in Sudan and constitutes the large part of the state of Khartoum, the capital of the country. It is located along the west bank of the Nile and

the White Nile opposite the city of Khartoum and the city of Khartoum Bahri, with a population of about 1 million people (July 2001 AD). It has an area of about 4,948 square kilometers. {2}

Participants: The number of women who agreed to participate in the questionnaire was 1100, and the number of those who were currently using medicine or had previously used was 260, and they are the ones included in the analysis in this study.

Introduction - Obesity, by definition, results from ingesting calories in excess of ongoing requirements. Although environmental and lifestyle factors contribute to obesity pathogenesis. {3}. There is a difference in the perception of weight gain beautiful body image in different cultures and population ethnic groups throughout the world. For example- obesity and overweight which are health risks, are considered in some cultures as signs of wealth or prestige (Tai Soon 2013). Contrary to the case in modern western societies, as it is for some African women who prefer to gain weight. {4}. There is a widespread use of various medical drugs by women and adolescent girls to gain weight, which is believed to increase their beauty and make them attractive, as they consider it a thing of fashion. Which is bought from pharmacies, but mainly from the market and other illegal methods {5}

Body image: Body image can be described as a combination of a person's perceptions, feelings and thoughts about his/her body and their general physical appearance. Body image is closely related to a person's perceptions, feelings, and thoughts about their body, and is usually conceived as including estimating body size, assessing body attractiveness, and emotions related to body shape and size{6&7}. Body image factors may affect a lot in a individual's behavior, for example, people who are overweight tend to do some things, such as sports and some other food behaviors, as sometimes we find some tend to restrain eating, while the other is the opposite, as we find some tend to use some things that lead to an increase in muscle{8}. weight gain drugs in Sudan has become more and more popular lately among adolescents and adult women. The main claim for the practice is for male attraction and to look sexy. Achieving weight gain by some is through the intake of pharmaceutical drugs which are purchased from pharmacies, but mainly from the black market sold by ambiguous traders.{9}

the Impact of body weight in appearance: There is a growing literature on the effects of body size and weight on body image, some studies indicate that there is some evidence that women and girls Objectively heavier people tend to be less satisfied With their bodies, {10}. On the number that some studies have found that weight gain It is a stigma in Western cultures, which may It leads to low mood, self-esteem and body Dissatisfaction with people who consider themselves to be overweight But according to those studies and some observation, there are a number of women who tend to gain weight, as it is in Sudan and some other African countries such as Mauritania{11} In some Arabic cultures, thinness is regarded as socially undesirable and bigger body sizes are symbolic of fertility and Women's womanhood. There are also some studies that confirm the influence of culture in a woman's view of her body. Past research has shown that culture plays a significant role in forming appearance ideals and that these vary for women of different cultures{12&13} As such, body image and body size perceptions are closely linked {14} Culture affects body image and body size perceptions from an early age {15} and different ideals for

body shape and weight are seen in different cultures . In many African and Arabic countries, overweight has been associated with richness, health, strength, and fertility.{16&17}.

Chart 1 : Some generic names of medicines and the names that are traded for marketing and explain their meanings (21)							
General name	Black market name	Arabic meaning					
Folic Acid	Folic Acid	Quique result					
Indomethacin	ALtageel Warra	weight gain in the buttocks.					
Cyproheptadine	Alsafga	leaf					
Dexamethasone	Althawra be Alnus	street in one of the residential areas in Omdurman city, Sudan					

previous studies: although, the lack of research's on this particular topic, but there are some publications on this topic, such as an article done by Yousra in the Middle East magazine, It was conducted through interviews with a number of women of different ages to know their opinions about the drugs used for weight gain, the result wase that, most of them tended to gain weight, believing that the other sex wanted to do so. Yusra saw that there is some little difference in opinions, as some women "believe that a woman's weight and size enhances her position among people and gives her a strong personality. This is what prompts her to change the shape of her body and increase its weight in order to increase her self-confidence, They also reported that they take most of that drugs illegally. The same article conducted an interview with a pharmacist, Dr. Yasser Merghani, who is head of the Consumer Protection Association, said, "These drugs are unregistered drugs and are sold in random boutiques." Meirghani continued, "The widespread ignorance that promotes women who want to gain weight, about the effectiveness of these drugs in fattening some parts of the body and not others, and this is not true," denouncing the "inaction of the health authorities in preventing their circulation and protecting consumers from its dangers," blaming the National Council of Pharmacy, Medicines and poisons are fully responsible{18&19& 20 } There are some studies that are similar to this study, which was conducted among university students to find out the types of drugs (legal and illegal weight gain drugs by Sudanese university girl students.), and the reasons for their use. The result was that there are many drugs of unknown source that are used, especially those used to gain weight. (21).

Results

About 260 out of 1110 of the women who were surveyed were using or had ever used weight-gaining drugs, and their answers were analyzed as follows						
Table {1} Demographic	c results					
Characteristic {N=260}	variables	Frequen cy	Percen tage %	Valid Perc ent	Cumula tive Percent	

Participants who used weight gain drugs	used	260	23.6	23.6	23.6
	Not used	840	76.3	76.3	100.0
Total		1100	100.0	100.0	
Participant's age group	18-28 years 29-38	75	28.8	28.8	28.8
	vears	150	57.7	57.7	76.5
	39-48	30	11.5	11.5	98
	> 48	5	1.9	1.9	100.0
Total		260	100.0	100. 0	
Education level of Participant's	university	80	30.8	30.8	30.8
	secondary	110	42.3	42.3	73.1
	primary	60	23.1	23.1	96.2
	illiterate	10	3.8	3.8	100.0
Total		260	100.0	100.0	
Marital status	Marriage	140	53.8	53.8	53.8
	Not marriage	80	30.8	30.8	84.6
	Diverse	30	11.5	11.5	96.1
	Widower	10	3.8	3.8	100.0
		260	100.0	100.0	
participants	Yes	110	42.3	42.3	42.3
occupations	no	150	57.7	57.7	100.0
Total	\wedge	260	100.0	100.	
place of living	Village	120	46.2	46.2	46.2
	City	140	53.8	53.8	100.0
	Total	260	100.0	100. 0	-

the above table (1): shows that most of the participants (57.7%) aged between 29 to 38 years, followed by ages between 18 to 28, (28.8%), 39 to 48 (11.5%,) while the least (1.9%) are more than 48 years old. Also the table revealed that most of participants have secondary education level (42.3%) followed by university education (30.8%) and only (3.8%) were illiterate. As it is in the table above most of participants (53.8%) were marriage women followed by not marriage which were (30.8%) and divorce women were (11.55), widower were (3.8%). also shows that 42.3% of the participants work, while the majority of them (57.7%) do not work, most of them from city (53.8), The rest are from the villages (46.2%).

table{ 2} Information sources and purchase of weight gain drugs					
Information	variables	Frequency	Percentage	Valid	Cumulative
sources			%	Percent	Percent

and					
purchase o	of				
weight gai					
drugs					
N.260					
the source	of weight gain recipe	es?		1	
Sources	Doctor	03	1.53	1.5	1.5
	Pharmacist	03	1.53	1.5	3. 0
	Dietitian	4	1.5	1.5	4.5
	From places of	110	42.3	42.3	46.4
	sale or boutiques,				
	from the Internet	70	26.9	26.9	73.3
	from relatives	60	23.0	23.0	96.3
	Others	10	3.8	3.8	100.0
	total	260	100.0	100.0	
Sources of	weight gain drugs	•			•
Sources	Pharmacy	08	3.1	3.1	3.1
	Market/	162	62.3	62.3	65.4
	Boutiques				
	from some of the	60	23.1	23.1	88.5
	ladies				
	Others	30	11.5	11.5	100.0
	total	260	100.0	100.0	
types of u	sed weight gain d	rugs			
Forms o	f Recipes from	10	3.8	3.8	3.8
drugs	natural foods				
	Tablets	150	57.7	57.7	61.5
	Syrup	60	23.0	23.0	84.5
	Creamy	40	15.4	15.4	100.0
	Total	260	100.0	100.0	
the name o	f the product that wa	s used	•	•	•
Names	be the star	65	25.0	25.0	25.0
	Fruits	15	5.8	5.8	30.0
	Watching	60	23.1	23.1	53.1
	Tomorrow				
	Yeast	15	5.8	5.8	58.9
	Altageel wara	10	3.8	3.8	63.7
	Why are you	35	13.5	13.5	77.2
	upset				
	Continuous	60	23.1	23.1	100.0
	charging				
	Total	260	100.0	100.0	
the medica	al name of the produ	ct?	•	•	•
		1	1		
Participants'					

answers					
	yes	20	7.7	7.7	7.7
	no	240	92.3	92.3	100.0
	Total	260	100.0	100.0	

the above table(2): shows the most sources of taking prescriptions information for weight gain were from boutiques (42.3%) followed by the Internet (26.9%), relatives (23.0%) and other sources (3.8%), followed by pharmacies (1.5%), doctors (1.5%) and Dietitian was only (1.5%). Also the above table (2) explain that the Sources to buy weight gain recipes Which was that most of these places are markets and boutiques (62.3%), followed by some of the ladies (23.1%) and other places were (11.5%) and only (3.1%) buy it from pharmacies. all so the highest type used of drugs was tablets (57.7%), followed by syrup (23%), then cream types, and only (3.8%) from natural ingredients. As for the names of these recipes used, the participants said that (25%) of these recipes are called being the star, followed by you see tomorrow (23.1%), (23.1%) Continuous charging, and then why are you upset (13.5%), fruits (5.8%) and yeast also (5.8%), then the altageel wara (3.8%), Most of them, (92.3%,) do not know the original medical name of the products used

Table {3} Period and variables								
periods of use	variables	Frequency	Percentage %	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent			
N. 260			76	i cicciii	I Groent			
How long usu	ally use the i	recipe						
Duration	<2 weeks	30	11.5	11.5	11.5			
	2-3 weeks	50	19.23	19.2	30.7			
	One month	150	57.69	57.7	88.4			
	> month	30	11.5	11.5	100.0			
	Total	260	100.0	100.0				
The beginning	period of w	eight gain app	pearance					
Appearance time	< week	50	19.23	19.2	19.2			
	After 2 Weeks	110	42.30	42.3	61.5			
	< month	100	38.46	38.46	100.0			
	Total	260	100.0	100.0				

The above table(3): shows the duration of use and the time when the result of using weight-gaining recipes appeared. Most of the participants reported that they use them for about a > month, (57.7%), followed by (19.2%) said they used them form2 to 3 weeks, while (11.5%) reported that they used them for < weeks, and (11.5%) reported that they used them for more than month. As for the result of the time when weight gain appeared,

most of the participants, (42.3%), reported that it appeared after the first two weeks, followed by (38.5%) who reported that it appeared after the first two weeks, while (19.2%) reported that the increase in weight appeared after the one month.

Table {4} side effects of weight gain drugs								
Side effects N.260	variables	Frequency	Percentage %	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent			
information	about the side	effects of we	ight gain drugs	s				
Response	Yes	170	65.4	65.4	65.4			
_	No	90	34.6	34.6	100.0			
	total	260	100.0	100.0				
Have you se	en anyone wh	o has been ha	armed by these	drugs?				
Response	Yes	90	34.6	34.6	34.6			
	No	170	65.4	65.4	100.0			
	Total	260	100.0	100.0				
Have you no	ticed any side	effects while	using the weig	ht gain recip	e?			
Response	yes	210	80.8	80.8	80.8			
	no	50	19.2	19.2	100.0			
	Total	260	100.0	100.0				
If yes what a	re these side	effects						
side effects	Acne	40	15.4	15.4	15.4			
	Some rashes on the skin	30	11.5	11.5	26.9			
	Severe weight gain	70	26.9	26.9	53.8			
	Menstrual disorder	20	7.7	7.7	61.5			
	mood change	20	7.7	7.7	69.2			
	Fatigue	30	11.5	11.5	80.7			
	No	50	19.2	19.2	100.0			
	Total	260	100.0	100.0				
What is the	most overweig		•	•	•			
Site	the parties	15	5.8	5.8	5.8			
	Abdomen	70	26.9	26.9	32.7			

Face	75	28.8	28.8	61.5
Hips	70	26.9	26.9	88.4
Buttocks	30	11.5	11.5	100.0
Total	260	100.0	100.0	

The above table(4): shows the participants' answers about the side effects information of using weight gain prescriptions, which was that (65.4%) of them had some information that they can cause complications and (34.6%) of them said that they did not know about those complications , (34.6%) of them said that they knew about some of those who had complications, while most of them (64.4%) said we did not know who had any of those complications, also (80.8%) of them answered they feeling complication during weight drug using , while (19.2%) said no , (26.9%) of the participants reported that they feel severe weight gain during the period of using weight gain prescriptions, followed by Acne (15.4%) and (11.5%) some skin rashes and (11.5%) fatigue and irregular menstruation (7.7%) as well as mood changes (7.7%). Also (28.8%) were reported that the face is the most visible areas in the result of weight gain drugs , followed by (26.9%) for each of the waists and abdomen, and buttocks (15.5%), while only (5.8%) reported that the increase occurred to them more in the parties

Table {5} Reasons for wanting to gain weight							
Participants knowledge N.260	variables	Frequency	Percentage %	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent		
Reasons for v	wanting to gain wei	ght					
Reasons	encouragement from friends	20	7.7	7.7	7.7		
	to beautify the appearance	91	35.0	35.0	42.7		
	extreme thinness	19	7.3	7.3	50.0		
	The desire of men	50	19.2	19.2	69.2		
	To feel confident	80	30.8	30.8	100.0		
	Total	260	100.0	100.0			
Do you thin	k these recipes a	re legal to ι	ıse?				
Respondents	Yes	110	42.3	42.3	42.3		
	no	80	30.8	30.8	73.1		
	Don't knew	70	26.9	26.9	100.0		
	Total	100.0	100.0	100.0			
Do you think	you got enough ad	vice on how	to use weight o	gain drug?			
Respondents	yes	70	26.9	26.9	26.9		
	no	130	50.0	50.0	76.9		
	Don't knew	60	23.1	23.1	100.0		

	Total	260	100.0	100.0	
Why did you	resort to these reci	pes as an alt	ernative to pha	rmacies?	
Respondents	The high prices	120	46.2	46.2	46.2
	of pharmacies				
	easy to obtain	70	26.9	26.9	73.1
	fast results	60	23.0	23.0	96.1
	there are no	10	3.8	3.8	100.0
	reasons				
	Total	260	100.0	100.0	
Are you satis	fied with your weig	ht now?			
Satisfied	yes	130	50.0	50.0	50.0
	no	60	23.0	23.0	73.0
	Not as I want	70	26.9	26.9	100.0
	Total	260	100.0	100.0	
Do you recon	nmend others to us	e weight gai	n drugs ?		
Respondents	yes	80	30.8	30.8	30.8
	No	60	23.0	23.0	53.8
	If there is a need for that	120	46.1	46.1	100.0
	total	260	100.0	100.0	

The above table (5): shows the reasons for the participants' taking prescriptions to gain weight, which was that most of them (35%) took it to feel beauty, (30.8) reported is it to sense of self-confidence, and (19.2%) said it was fulfilled by the desire of men , (7.3%) reported that it is for extreme thinness and (7.7%) said that the reason for their use of recipes was due to encouragement from friends to do so. with regard to the lack of legal use of these recipes, most participants (42.3%) believe that the use is illegal, and (30.8%) said that the use is legal, while (26.9) answered that They don't know how legal it is . most of the participants (46.2%) of the participants preferred to choose other sources as an alternative to pharmacies because of the high prices of pharmaceutical prescriptions, and (26.9%) said that the reason was the ease of obtaining them, while (23%) said that their choice was to speed up the results of weight gain, and (3,8%) said they had no reasons. 50% of the participants said they were satisfied with the result of using weight-gaining drugs, followed by those who said that they are not what they want (26.9%) while 23% said they are not satisfied with that. Also (30.8%) reported that they do not recommend others to use these recipes and(23%) of those who said that it can be recommended to others to use, while most of them said that it can be used in case of need

Discussion & conclusion:

About 260 out of 1110 of the women who were surveyed were using or had ever used weight-gaining drugs, and their answers were analyzed as follows. Most of the participants

(57.7%) were aged between 29 to 38 years Which is considered youthful age And (65.4%)of them were either secondary or primary education , most of them (53.8%) are married who are one of the groups that tend to gain weight, there are a number of sources from which prescription information is taken for weight gain drugs, most of which are non-pharmacy, such as boutiques (42.3%), which are unreliable sources from which these drugs can be taken, which matches the results of another study conducted among Sudanese Female university students 20--Accordingly, purchases are made from illegal places where most of the participants take these recipes from shops (62.3%), some women street vendors and other illegal places that may be due to weak legal penalties . .According to the responses of the women participating in this study, the medicines were classified into groups, some of which are taken in the form of tablets, which is the most used (57.7%) and others in the form of cream, and other group in liquid form, and a group that is taken in ingredients from natural foods, by only (3.8%), which is probably because the results are slow, and according to the participants they reported that these groups of drugs have other names according to its results the type of results common among them, and they are often called by traders in these recipes, which were not her original names. (57.7%) of them had used these products for a month but most of them (42.3%,) reported that the result appeared after the first two Also, 34.6% of the participants were unaware of the complications of these products, and (64.4%) reported that they had heard of this, but they did not know who had these complications and also reported that there were some side effects that occurred to them after use, which is a significant increase in weight (26.9%) and some other unwanted effects And (28.8 %) of them reported that The parts of the body that show the increase fastest is the face, followed by the abdomen and hips . Which calls for health and media education to avoid this. There are several reasons for the participants to use these products and most of them reported that the reason for using is to feel that they are beautiful and attractive to others like the opposite sex like men which may related to the social traditions as in the study of Benckisser who reported that many dark-skinned women, such as African women, are more satisfied with higher weights compared to white women and believe that they are more beautiful and attractive to men influenced by their societal cultures (22). Also, (42.3%) of the participants believe that the method of obtaining these drugs is legal and that they did not receive adequate advice for use, (50%), which shows the extent of the danger in use. They also (26.9%) reported that they buy outside pharmacies or legal methods, because the product is easy to take, cheap prices (46.2%), quick results. While (50%) reported that they were satisfied with the results of the use, some of them reported that they were not satisfied, and others reported that they were not the desired results. Also, (46.1%) reported that they do not advise others to use off label drugs unless there is a need for it.

According to the analysis of the results of this study, conclude that there is a lack of application of the law in punishing all those who work in the illegal sale of drugs. As many of those who use these drugs are aware that some complications may occur, but there is an insistence on their use, perhaps due to the lack of awareness of the extent of the seriousness of this.

Consent

As is followed in any research, after obtaining permission from the official from the target group, the choice is for those who want to participate in the follow-up of the questionnaire and to exclude all those who do not wish to do so.

Ethical Consideration

The questionnaire was filled out by obtaining permission and presenting the questions first to the adult women who were in gathering places for occasions and explanation of the questionnaire and its benefits and then it was filled out by those who agreed to that.

Recommendations:

- Enact laws to prevent illegal drug trade
- Educate everyone about the importance of the correct use of medicines
- The interest of the Ministry of Health in these drugs and how to smuggle them into Sudan
- Clarify the interactions of these drugs inside the body and how to gain weight so quickly
- Clarify the seriousness of obesity and the diseases that result from it
- Attempt to introduce awareness of the importance of a healthy ideal weight
- The different Sudanese media should pay attention to the dangers of women taking different types of weight gain drugs

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