Review Form 1.6

Journal Name:	International Journal of Research and Reports in Gynaecology
Manuscript Number:	Ms_IJRRGY_83275
Title of the Manuscript:	Determining the Risk Factors and Causes of Stillbirths at GPHC
Type of the Article	Original Research Article

General guideline for Peer Review process:

This journal's peer review policy states that **NO** manuscript should be rejected only on the basis of 'lack of Novelty', provided the manuscript is scientifically robust and technically sound. To know the complete guideline for Peer Review process, reviewers are requested to visit this link:

(https://www.journalijrrgy.com/index.php/IJRRGY/editorial-policy)

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PART 1: Review Comments

	Reviewer's comment	Author's comment (if agreed with reviewer, correct the manuscript and
	Reviewer 5 Comment	highlight that part in the manuscript. It is mandatory that authors should write
		his/her feedback here)
Compulsory REVISION comments		This/her reedback riere)
Compulsory INE VISION Comments	Initially, I would like to congratulate the authors for the study initiative.	
	It is always difficult to study the subject from a tertiary care unit when it is not associated with	
	very detailed prenatal care data, but even so, the data are always interesting.	
	The approach that the authors make in the introduction supports the arguments and	
	objectives of the study, approaching the theme in a broad and focused way, as well as	
	based on adequate studies.	
	The proposed methodology was adequate for the purpose for which the study was	
	proposed, although I did not see any greater need to select a parameterization sample, but it	
	helped to give an idea of the public served at the institution and this ended up strengthening	
	the study.	
	The results were adequate and the way in which they were presented were intelligible, but	
	the formatting is always relevant to what the journal requires to facilitate the reviewers'	
	understanding.	
	The discussions focused on the results relatively compared with other studies and with	
	previous results from the institution itself that was the scenario of the study.	
	There is a doubt about the epidemiology of stillbirths in the country and whether the	
	institution is representative for this, but it depends on new comparative studies.	
	institution is representative for this, but it depends on new comparative studies.	
Minor REVISION comments		
MINO NE VISION COMMENTS	Perhaps I have not noticed somewhere in the article the justification for the sum of male and	
	female stillbirths not being 37. Note that there are 35 in table 2.	
	Terriale stillbirths flot being of. Note that there are so in table 2.	
	I suggest putting the Macerated stillbirth while fresh stillbirths data that are in figure 2 in table	
	2, but I'm sorry if I didn't identify them.	
	2, sacrin sony in additionally distin	
	I suggest that the discussion makes it quite evident that the data are an institution and that to	
	extrapolate them to the general population deserves further comparative studies.	
	Starpolate from to the goriotal population accorded fathlor comparative didulos.	
Optional/General comments		

PART 2:

		Author's comment (if agreed with reviewer, correct the manuscript and highlight that part in the manuscript. It is mandatory that authors should write his/her feedback here)
Are there ethical issues in this manuscript?	(If yes, Kindly please write down the ethical issues here in details)	

Reviewer Details:

Name:	Edson José de Carvalho Magacho
Department, University & Country	SUPREMA, Brasil

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