Journal Name:	International Journal of Plant & Soil Science
Manuscript Number:	Ms_IJPSS_84033
Title of the Manuscript:	Molecular characterization of different varieties of rice (Oryza sativa L.) using SSR markers
Type of the Article	

#### **General guideline for Peer Review process:**

This journal's peer review policy states that <u>NO</u> manuscript should be rejected only on the basis of '<u>lack of Novelty'</u>, provided the manuscript is scientifically robust and technically sound. To know the complete guideline for Peer Review process, reviewers are requested to visit this link:

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#### **PART 1:** Review Comments

	Reviewer's comment	Author's comment (if agreed with reviewer, correct the manuscript and highlight that part in the manuscript. It is mandatory that authors should write his/her feedback here)
<u>Compulsory</u> REVISION comments		
Min or DEVICION comments		
Minor REVISION comments	The paper should be corrected very carefully especially according to language style.	
	Some typos need to be corrected.	
	The work is impressive, however, some points deserve to be clarified before publication. I	
	recommend the publication with minor revisions as follows:	
	General comments	
	On an average, 2 alleles per primer and 1.94 polymorphic On average, 2 alleles per	
	primer and 1.94 polymorphic.	
	diverse parents for future breeding programme for rice improvement diverse parents for	
	the future breeding programs for rice improvement.	
	based on polymorphic banding pattern for genetic diversity analysis based on	
	polymorphic banding patterns for genetic diversity analysis.	
	India is considered as big diversity centres for India is considered a big diversity center	
	for.	
	intra specific levels intraspecific levels.	
	genetically related cultivars is reduction of the hereditary establishment genetically	
	related cultivars is the reduction of the hereditary establishment.	
	Identification of diversity at genetic level is Identification of diversity at the genetic level	
	is.	
	It contributes in the establishment of genetic affiliation It contributes to the establishment	
	of genetic affiliation.	
	This identification also helps in selection of This identification also helps in the selection	
	of.	
	proved their efficiency in rice for estimation of genetic proved their efficiency in rice for	
	the estimation of genetic.	
	Several researchers have used SSR markers in molecular diversity analysis of rice  Several researchers have used SSR markers in the molecular diversity analysis of rice.	
	genetic diversity analysis at low cost (Hamblin et al. 2007) genetic diversity analysis at	
	a low cost (Hamblin et al. 2007).	
	weight size in the form of binary matrix weight size in the form of the binary matrix.	
	Rice is the most important cereal crop that has been referred as global grain because of	
	its use as prime staple food Rice is the most important cereal crop that has been	
	referred to as a global grain because of its use as a prime staple food.	
	The rising demand, saturation of cultivable field and climate change The rising demand,	
	a saturation of cultivable fields and climate change.	
	In the present investigation, initially 17 primers were screened In the present	
	investigation, initially, 17 primers were screened.	
	on the basis of sharp and clear banding pattern on the basis of a sharp and clear	
	banding pattern.	
	The band size of amplified product ranged from 100bp-300bp The band size of the	
	amplified product ranged from 100bp-300bp.	
	Out of these amplified loci 33 were found to be polymorphic (94.11%) Out of these	
	amplified loci, 33 were found to be polymorphic (94.11%).	

	Average numbers of band per primer was 2.00 while, average numbers of polymorphic	
	band per primer was 1.94 The average number of bands per primer was 2.00 while, the	
	average number of polymorphic bands per primer was 1.94.	
	PCR amplification gave good and clear banding profile PCR amplification gave a good	
	and clear banding profile	
	Brondani (2006) observed an increasing GC content of the primer with increased number	
	of bands Brondani (2006) observed an increasing GC content of the primer with an	
	increased number of bands.	
	Fritsch et al. (1993) also reported that the importance of the GC content of primers on	
	yield of PCR amplified products Fritsch et al. (1993) also reported the importance of the	
	GC content of primers on the yield of PCR amplified products.	
	During the present investigation similar type of result was obtain for varietal During the	
	present investigation similar type of result was obtained for varietal.	
	According to Jaccard's similarity coefficient the highest similarity 97% was found between	
	MTU1011 and SONAMRICE and lowest (25.7%) between KATKIRICE and	
	CHANDRAHASNI According to Jaccard's similarity coefficient, the highest similarity	
	97% was found between MTU1011 and SONAMRICE and the lowest (25.7%) between	
	KATKIRICE and CHANDRAHASNI.	
	25.7-97% indicates higher level of diversity among rice varieties 25.7-97% indicates a	
	higher level of diversity among rice varieties.	
	PIC value evaluated based on the specific locus/marker the PIC value was evaluated	
	based on the specific locus/marker.	
	higher PIC scores and high number of alleles and lowest PIC value higher PIC scores	
	and a high number of alleles and the lowest PIC value.	
	in different sets of rice varieties which was closer to the result as previous studies in	
	different sets of rice varieties which were closer to the result as previous studies.	
	The major group contained 44 varieties and minor group containing only one variety	
	KATKIRICE. Major group further classified into two sub-groups 'A' and 'B'. Sub-group 'A'	
	contained 37 varieties whereas sub-group 'B' contained 7 varieties The major group	
	contained 44 varieties and the minor group contained only one variety KATKIRICE. The	
	major group is further classified into two sub-groups 'A' and 'B'. Sub-group 'A' contained	
	37 varieties whereas sub-group 'B' contained 7 varieties.	
	In this analysis three groups were divided into group 'A', group 'B' and group 'C'. Group 'A'	
	holding 26 varieties In this analysis, three groups were divided into group 'A', group 'B',	
	and group 'C'. Group 'A' holds 26 varieties.	
	Three dimensional scaling of 45 rice varieties also revealed similarity conferring principle	
	component Three-dimensional scaling of 45 rice varieties also revealed similarity	
	conferring principal components.	
	In addition, some of these markers can be used for marker assisted selection (MAS) for	
	genetic improvement of rice In addition, some of these markers can be used for	
	marker-assisted selection (MAS) for the genetic improvement of rice.	
Optional/General comments		
	<u> </u>	

# PART 2:

		Author's comment (if agreed with reviewer, correct the manuscript and highlight that part in the manuscript. It is mandatory that authors should write his/her feedback here)
Are there ethical issues in this manuscript?	(If yes, Kindly please write down the ethical issues here in details)	

## **Reviewer Details:**

Name:	Soroush Soltani	
Department, University & Country	Universiti Putra Malaysia, Malaysia	