Review Form 1.6

| Journal Name: | International Journal of Biochemistry Research & Review |
|--------------------------|---|
| Manuscript Number: | Ms_IJBCRR_78009 |
| Title of the Manuscript: | Serum Osteocalcin in Postmenopausal Women-A Pilot Study |
| Type of the Article | Original Research Article |

General guideline for Peer Review process:

This journal's peer review policy states that <u>NO</u> manuscript should be rejected only on the basis of '<u>lack of Novelty'</u>, provided the manuscript is scientifically robust and technically sound. To know the complete guideline for Peer Review process, reviewers are requested to visit this link:

(http://peerreviewcentral.com/page/manuscript-withdrawal-policy)

PART 1: Review Comments

| | Reviewer's comment | Author's comment (if agreed with reviewer, correct the manuscript and highlight that part in the manuscript. It is mandatory that authors should write his/her feedback here) |
|------------------------------|--|--|
| Compulsory REVISION comments | Why a pilot study? A pilot study is a biological is a small scale preliminary study to evaluate feasibility and cost before a full fleshed study. This study fits a biological process that is well known and for which published information has existed for more than 20 years. Abstract ALP first use is always written in full. ALP Alkaline Phosphatase. Materials and methods complete sentence of group II subjects after onset of menopause. Serum new sentence and ALP were estimated, Introduction Osteocalcin OC is a non-collagenous protein hormone. The marker is needed to detect the rapid loss of the bone tissue. A study by Yasim et al found increased serum levels of uc-oc in peripausal women. There was no association between L1-L4 spine BMD. Results and discussion P value is either significant or non significant NEVER SATISFATORY. Conclusion study got positive outcome which encourages and supports proceeding To a full fleshed study. References (n=17) 9-15 yrs=4 16-25yrs=8 26-31yrs=5 Reference Manologas sc (2020) osteocalcin promotes bone mineralization but it is not a hormone. PLOS Genet. 16(6):e1008714 | |
| Minor REVISION comments | | |
| Optional/General comments | | |

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PART 2:

| | | Author's comment (if agreed with reviewer, correct the manuscript and highlight that part in the manuscript. It is mandatory that authors should write his/her feedback here) |
|--|---|---|
| Are there ethical issues in this manuscript? | (If yes, Kindly please write down the ethical issues here in details) | |

Reviewer Details:

| Name: | L. Matsela |
|----------------------------------|--|
| Department, University & Country | Sefako Makgatho Health Sciences University, South Africa |

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