Contribution of Indigenous Knowledge in Achievement of Sustainable Development Goals: A Literature Review

Abstract: Indigenous knowledge is the traditional knowledge that is unique to a society. Traditional knowledge is also called: 'local knowledge', 'folk knowledge', 'people's knowledge', 'traditional wisdom'. This knowledge is passed from generation to generation, usually by word of mouth and cultural customs. It has been the basis for agriculture, health care, food preparation, education, conservation and the other many activities that sustain societies in all over the world. Sustainable development means establishing a balance between socioeconomic development and environmental protection, with traditional knowledge local communities. In 2015, the United Nations agreed on 17 Sustainable Development Goals, a set of targets for improving lives while protecting natural resources by the year 2030 and they included indigenous peoples, and acknowledged that there can be no sustainable development without protecting the traditional knowledge. Indigenous knowledge plays an important role in achieving global sustainable development goals through various traditional practices. Therefore, in this study, contribution of various researchers is explored regarding role of indigenous knowledge in achieving sustainable development goals. On the basis of previous studies we found various areas in which indigenous knowledge is used. These areas include; agriculture, health, education, climate change, cultural identity, environmental justice, fisheries, forests and wildlife, natural resources. The use of indigenous knowledge in these sectors helps in achieving of sustainable development goals.

Keywords: Indigenous Knowledge, Sustainable Agriculture, Environment, Natural Resources

1. Introduction

Indigenous knowledge means the traditions and practices of past generations or indigenous communities. Traditional knowledge has been passed from generations to from generations through social culture, formal practices, traditions, and other activities. Some forms of traditional knowledge are expressed in books, stories, folklore, rituals, songs, art, and even laws.

Indigenous knowledge is unique to a society, culture, and region. It is based on understanding, real life experiences and interpretation of indigenous peoples. This knowledge may include architecture, farming techniques, medicinal practices, health and nutrition, festivals.

The Brundtland Commission (1987) puts emphasis on the idea of passing on an environment with enough and good-quality resources for the future generation, just as we have given from our previous generations (Brundtland Report, 1987). Kim, Li & Son (2017) also examined the Role of Traditional Ecological Knowledge and Practices to Forest Management. Sabola, Henry, Kayambazinthu & Wilson (2007) studied the local ecological knowledge. Local farming system is sustainable and innovative. Techniques used for cultivation are economically feasible and safe. The sustainable lifestyle, local diet, and dependence on rainfed irrigation have influenced indigenous communities to cultivate and conserve traditional cultivars. By selecting and conserving the seeds from one season to the next helps in conserving the biodiversity. In ancient time the usage of plants, leaves, fruits, mineral, herbs and other resources plays an important role in health care system and sustainable life. Such practices are considered better than allopathic medicines available in the market because of many side effects after longer usage. The indigenous practices not only help in maintain health but also help in conserving biodiversity. Traditional communities were depends on plant and animal based medicine to meet their health care necessities. Plant medicine is an important part of the health care system and low prices, and affordable by local society.

1.1 Sustainable Development Goals

In September 2015, world leaders adopted the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development, which includes a set of 17 SDGs to end poverty, fight inequality and injustice (Global Sustainable development Report, 2015). The 17 SDGs are as follows:

 Table 1. Sustainable Development Goals

Goal 1	End poverty
Goal 2	End hunger, achieve food security
Goal 3	Provides better education
Goal 4	healthy lives
Goal 5	gender equality
Goal 6	Ensure sustainable management of water and sanitation
Goal 7	Ensure affordable, reliable, sustainable energy
Goal 8	decent work, economic growth, productive employment for all
Goal 9	infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization
Goal 10	Reduce inequality
Goal 11	Make sustainable cities and human safe
Goal 12	sustainable consumption and production
Goal 13	climate change
Goal 14	sustainably use the oceans, and marine resources
Goal 15	sustainable use of ecosystems, and land degradation
Goal 16	access to justice and build effective, accountable and inclusive institutions
Goal 17	Implementation of global partnership

Source: www.un.org/sustainabledevelopment/sustainable-development-goals/

2. Objectives of this study

- To synthesize the existing literature on role of indigenous knowledge in sustainable development in different sectors.
- To identify contribution of indigenous knowledge in achieving SDGs.

3. Data and methodology

The study adopted the systematic literature review methodology to review and analyze articles related to contribution of indigenous knowledge in sustainable development. This study used esteemed databases such as Elsevier, Taylor & Francis, Sage, Willy online library and other database (Google Scholar, research gate, JSTOR) for the literature search and the following keywords: Indigenous knowledge and sustainable agriculture, sustainable education, role of traditional knowledge in different sector. The study have systematically classified the 50 selected research studies on the basis of publication year, journal title, location of study, type of research and data, statistical techniques, etc. Thus, in this context, it will be expedient to understand the literature available on the contribution of indigenous knowledge in sustainable development goals.

4. Literature Review

Table 2: Literature review

Sr.	Title	Author(s)	Country	Journal name	Type of study	Technique	Findings
no.		name/ Year				used	
1.	Women's Use of	Aluko	Nigeria	The	Qualitative	Frequencies,	The findings revealed that, the
	Indigenous	(2018)		International	data,	Percentages,	traditional knowledge is very
	Knowledge for			Indigenous	Interviews	Content	helpful in sustaining life and it
	Environmental			Policy Journal		analysis	used in different sectors like:
	Security and						agriculture, food processing and
	Sustainable						preservation, family health care,
	Development in						and child care.
	Southwest Nigeria						
2.	Indigenous	Ban, Eckert,	Canada	Ecosystem	Semi-	Percentage	The study showed that, local
	knowledge as data	McGreer &		Health and	Structured		depletions impacted the ability of
	for modern fishery	Frid		Sustainability	Interviews		indigenous fishers to access local
	management: a	(2017)					foods. Traditional knowledge
	case study of						provides different valuable
	Dungeness crab in						information about fishery
	Pacific Canada						management.
3.	Role of rural	Bezák &	Slovakia	Agroecology	Questionnaire	Correlation,	The research showed that, rural
	identity in	Dobrovodsk		and Sustainable	survey, Semi-	regression	identity communicated in the
	traditional	á		Food Systems	structured		knowledge and perception of
	agricultural	(2018)			interviews,		local land users is essential in
	landscape				Workshops		local agriculture landscaped

	maintenance: the						maintenance and sustainable
	story of a post-						rural development.
	communist country						
4.	Environmental	Bhat, Zahid,	India	FIIB Business	Literature	Content	The study showed that, various
	Education in India:	Sheikh &		Review	Review	analysis	steps has been taken for
	An Approach to	Parre					imparting environmental
	Sustainable	(2017)					education to communities and
	Development						educational institutions at
					OX		globally and nationally by
							government and non-government
							organizations. Students have
							become very much adept to such
							information related to their
							surroundings.
5.	Knowledge	Briceño &	Brazil	International	Systematic	Content	The study showed that, how and
	management, the	Santos		Journal of	scientific	analysis	which frameworks may be
	missing piece in the	(2019)		Sustainability	literature		applied to reach the 2030 agenda
	2030 agenda and			in Higher	review		for sustainable development and
	SDGs puzzle			Education			sustainable development goals.
6.	Sustainable	Costa-Neto	Brazil	Sustainable	Interviews	Comparative	The research showed that, local
	development	(2000)		Development		cognitive	knowledge of Siribinha
	And traditional					tables	fishermen's is a valuable

	Knowledge: a case						resource, which is considered to
	study						be sufficient in the
	In a Brazilian						developmental processes and in
	artisanal						studies of fish species
	fishermen's						management.
	community						
7.	Indigenous	Dahlberg &	Africa	Human	In-depth	Thematic	The findings showed that,
	Medicine and	Trygger,		Ecology	interviews,	analysis	medical plants were mostly used
	Primary Health	(2009)			participatory		by rural people. Household
	Care: The				observation		remedies were not only used to
	Importance of Lay						solve the problems of natural
	Knowledge and						causes, but also for problems
	Use of Medicinal						related to magical or spiritual
	Plants in Rural						linkages.
	South Africa						
8.	The contribution of	Echoh,	Malaysia.	International	Interview,	content	The study concluded that, the
	local knowledge in	Masron &		Journal of	Focus group	analysis	"berdandang" systems of
	agriculture to	Gapor		Business and	discussion and		planting cultivation helps in
	sustainable	(2015)		Management	Participant		reducing the maintenance cost
	development			Study – IJBMS	observation		because all farmers is doing the
		11/2					same task for their paddy. And
							they believed that it also reduce
							the risk of water and air pollution

							at the paddy field by using
							original and organic pesticides.
9.	Traditional and	Gatica et al.	Chile	Sustainability	Literature	Content	The findings revealed that, TLK
	Local Knowledge	(2020)			Review	analysis	improve new tools to conserve
	in Chile: Review of						and manage biodiversity, basic
	Experiences and						and applied knowledge, by
	Insights for						incorporating social and natural
	Management and						sciences, basic and applied
	Sustainability				\bigcirc		knowledge, and by combining
							traditional and social evidence
							into the explanation of social-
							ecological practices.
10.	Harnessing	Ghorbani et	Iran	Climate and	Qualitative	Narrative	The researchers studied that,
	indigenous	al. (2020)		development	Observation	analysis	historically-dependent
	knowledge for						community establish a social
	climate change-						contract and cultural convention
	resilient water						link for water distribution, profit-
	management –						sharing and social responsibility;
	lessons from an						collectively they construct an
	ethnographic case						equitable system of role-sharing,
	study in Iran						socio ecological resilience social
		11/2					benefit distribution, and adaptive
							capability in the face of climate
							change-induced drought.

11.	Indigenous	Gorjestani	Uganda	Working paper	Working paper		The findings revealed that,
	Knowledge for	(2000)		(world bank)			indigenous knowledge is an
	Development:						important factor for sustainable
	Opportunities and						development. Empowerment of
	Challenges						Traditional communities is a
							necessity for the integration of
							traditional knowledge in the
							development procedure. The
					OX		integration of suitable indigenous
							knowledge systems into
							development programs has
							already contributed to usefulness,
							efficiency, and sustainable
							development impact.
12.	Indigenous	Gratani,	Australia	Cogent Social	Interviews	Content	The study conducted that, this
	environmental	Sutton,		Sciences		analysis	project to understand the
	values as human	Butler,					perspective of the participant
	values	Bohensky &					community as first step towards
		Foale					achieving environmental
		(2016)					management more respectful of
							the local Traditional Owners'
			_				perspective.
13.	Indigenous	Harmsworth	New	7th Joint	Case studies	Descriptive	The study concluded that,
	concepts, values	(2002)	Zealand	Conference:		analysis	traditional knowledge helps to

	and knowledge for			"Preservation			find solutions of various complex
	sustainable			of Ancient			problems, enhance sustainability
	development: New			Cultures and			of our environment, to provide a
	Zealand case			the			basis for strengthening cultural
	studies			Globalization			identity, and to develop
				Scenario"			economic opportunities.
				(School of			Indigenous knowledge provides
				Maori and			the platform for cultural diversity
				Pacific	\circ		and helps in maintaining
				Development			sustainability.
				& International			
				Centre for			
				Cultural			
				Studies (ICCS)			
14.	Indigenous	Hlongwane	South	Insects	Questionnaires	Chi square test	Findings revealed that, edible
	Knowledge about	, Slotow &	Africa				insects are a nutritious diet and
	Consumption of	Munyai					play main role in people's
	Edible Insects in	(2020)					livelihoods in rural areas.
	South Africa						
15.	Ethnic food	Kala	India	International	literature	Systematic	The findings revealed that,
	knowledge of	(2021)		Journal of	review	literature	traditional foods and beverages
	highland pastoral			Gastronomy		review	of pastoral communities being
	communities in the			and Food			highly nutritious and healthy, it

	Himalayas and			Science			improve the health of society and
	prospects for its						sustainability of food systems.
	sustainability						
16.	Indigenous and	Koike	Indonesia	Journal of	case study	Thematic	Results indicated that, ILK plays
	local knowledge	(2019)		Environmental		analysis	an important role in collaboration
	promoting sdgs in			Science and			between local leaders and NGO
	indonesia: the case			Sustainable			activists are applicable to achieve
	of the sumbanese			Development	\circ		Sustainable development goals.
	cultural festival						ILK not only be utilized to
							accomplish their own goals but
							also helpful in achieving various
							sustainable development goals.
17.	Traditional	Kumar,	India	Energy	Systematic	Content	The findings revealed that,
	agricultural	Sharma &		Ecology and	literature	analysis	double cropping, agroforestry,
	practices in India:	Singh		Environment	review		crop rotation, use of traditional
	an approach for	(2020)					varieties and resources and
	environmental						traditional agricultural practices
	sustainability and						in India which have to be
	food security						important in view of the
							environment and food security.
		11/2					Such practices have played
							important role in achieving the
							sustainability of agriculture by

							improving nutrition quality.
18.	Indigenous and local knowledge in sustainability transformations research: a literature review	Lam et al. (2020)	Sweden	Ecology and society	Systematic literature review	content	Results indicated that, ILK plays an important role in making environment sustainable and contribute to a more plural understanding of transformations and the assessment of transformative change.
19.	Indigenous Peoples, Resource Extraction and Sustainable Development: An Ethical Approach	Lertzman & Vredenburg, (2005)	Australia	Journal of Business Ethics	case study, conceptual framework	content	The research showed that, the technical knowledge provides the basis for advancing ethical methods to sustainable development with Indigenous peoples. This ethical methodology is suitable to

20.	Indigenous knowledge and implications for the sustainable development agenda	Magni (2017)	Switzerla nd	Wiley online library	Literature review	Content analysis	companies working in natural resource activities where the traditional peoples are involved. The paper found that, greater number of challenges addressed in community with adoption of the new SDG agenda, many goals directly affect the indigenous peoples' lives because of strong relationship between their traditional knowledge and Nature, community, has proven to be efficient to meet some of these challenges.
21.	The Use of	Majumdar et	India	International	Focused group	Content	The study concluded, the people
	Indigenous	al.		Research	discussion	analysis	of this region continue
	Knowledge in	(2019)		Journal of			subsistence farming in their
	Agriculture Allied			Applied			agriculture fields through their
	Sectors in Coastal	11/2		Sciences			traditional knowledge and
	Region of West						climate forecast and it is helpful
	Bengal, India						in improvement of structure, soil

							fertility, crops, collection of
							seeds and storage for future
							purpose. Indigenous Knowledge
							of rainfall calculation is helpful
							for the showing season and these
							knowledge practices also helpful
							in the achievement of the food
							security, which is vital of
							nutritionally safe food supply at
							family levels.
22.	Viewpoint:	Masoga &	South	Southern	Focus group	Qualitative	The study concluded that,
	Indigenous	Shokane	Africa	African Journal	discussion	content	integration of Traditional
	knowledge systems	(2019)		of		analysis	knowledge system in
	and environmental			Environmental			environmental education and in
	social work			Education			social work can contribute to
	education: Towards						sustain environment.
	environmental						
	sustainability						
23.	Indigenous	McGregor,	Canada	Current	Systematic	Content	Findings revealed that, to achieve
	environmental	Whitaker &		opinion in	literature	analysis	environmental justice and
	justice and	Sritharan		Environmental	review		sustainable future, the voices of
	sustainability	(2020)		Sustainability			Indigenous peoples must be
							needed at every level. Traditional
							peoples have recognized

24.	No one will be left behind?" Taíno indigenous communities in the Caribbean and the road to SDGs 2030	Mith & Spencer (2020)	New Zealand	Worldwide Hospitality and Tourism Themes	qualitative case study approach coupled with a literature review	Content	indigenous knowledge and legal systems as central to supportive and enabling adaptive capability and sustainability in the face of the climate disaster. The findings showed that, the members of the indigenous communities' views and indigenous tourism as a solution to sustain their tradition and provide income for their people; they provide strong suggestions on how this may be attained in keeping with the 2030 sustainable development goals.
25.	Applying indigenous knowledge in agricultural extension: The case of agritex workers in zimbabwe	Mugwisi (2016)	Zimbabw	Advances in Knowledge Acquisition, Transfer, and Management	Questionnaire	Frequency, percentage	The results showed that, the majority of the extension workers used traditional methods for agricultural sustainability.
26.	The Role of Indigenous and	Nalau et al.	Pacific Islands	Weather, climate and	Literature review	content analysis	The study revealed that, the literatures of experts provides

	Traditional	(2018)		society			strong support to the concepts as
	Knowledge in						"community participation" and
	Ecosystem-Based						use of Traditional knowledge in
	Adaptation: A						climate adaptation activities to
	Review of the						increase efficiency and the
	Literature and Case						feeling of ownership of climate
	Studies from the						adaptation consequences.
	Pacific Islands						
27.	The influence of	Narel,	America	Ecology and	Semi structured	Descriptive	The researchers studied that,
	socioeconomic	Zambrana,		Society	interview	analysis	there are no local patterns in the
	factors on	Rodrigo,				(MANOVA),	analytical power of
	traditional	Rainer,				Correlation	socioeconomic factors and that
	knowledge: a cross	Bussmann					their influence on palm-use
	scale comparison of	& Macia					knowledge is highly localized.
	palm use in	(2014)					
	northwestern South						
	America						
28.	The Role of	Ngodigha,	Niger	Novelty journal	Interviews	Frequency,	The paper concluded that, Local
	Indigenous	Abowei &	Delta			Percentage	Ecological Knowledge could
	Knowledge in	Ogamba					complement scientific studies as
	Fisheries Research	(2015)					it seems to address all the
	in Ogbia Creek,	112					different measurements (ecology,
	Niger Delta						fish reproduction, trophic
			_				relationships) of the ecosystem

							as a source of new scientific investigation.
29.	Knowledge for	Opstal &	Nederland	Environment	Critical	Content	The researchers identified that,
	sustainable	Huge		Development	Literature	analysis	re-interpretation of sustainable
	development: a	(2012)		and	Review		development as a worldview
	worldviews			Sustainability			constructs in progress,
	perspective						identifying shared goals,
							interpretative flexibility, co-
					\bigcirc		production of knowledge,
							subjectivity awareness, self-
							reflexivity, respect for a diversity
							of knowledge, a systems
							approach, trans disciplinarily and
							recognition of contextually are
							required for SD paradigm.
30.	Documentation and	Pandey,	India	Asian Journal	Interview	Mean	It concluded that, traditional
	Application of	Mittal &		of Agricultural	Notes, Photos,		knowledge is vital for the well-
	Indigenous	Sharma		Extension,	Audio-		being and for sustainable
	Traditional	(2017)		Economics &	recordings,		development as it has evolved
	Knowledge (ITK)			Sociology	Video-		after thousands of years of
	for Sustainable				recordings		observation and experience. By
	Agricultural	11/2					linking the traditional knowledge
	Development						knowledge systems with farmer,
							research and extension then the

							output of researches can be made
							more fertile and functional.
31.	Traditional	Parrotta,	UK	International	Review paper	Content	The research showed that,
	knowledge for	Yeo-Chang		Journal of		analysis	traditional knowledge for the
	sustainable forest	& Camacho		Biodiversity			management of ecosystem and
	management and	(2016)		Science,			the challenges that indigenous
	provision of			Ecosystem			communities face in conserving,
	ecosystem services			Services &			fully utilizing, and passing on
				Management	\circ		their knowledge and wisdom to
							younger generations. Forestry
							professionals, government
							decision-makers and policy
							makers have play vital roles to
							reverse the loss of traditional
							knowledge and improve the
							biodiversity conservation and
							ecosystem service benefits that
							traditional knowledge-based
							forest management systems have
							usually provided.
32.	Indian traditional	Patale,	India	International	Literature	Content	The research indicated that, total
	knowledge for the	Awaley &		journal of	Review	analysis	58 plant species used by various
	treatment of kidney	Nakade		researches in			communities and from different
	stone: a review	(2020)		biosciences,			localities of India to remove

				agriculture and			kidney stone.
				technology			
33.	Rural Women's	PervezGao	Banglades	Anthropologist	Interviews,	mean, mode,	Findings of the study revealed
	Awareness on	& Uddin	h		Field notes,	SD, Linear	that, most of the rural women
	Indigenous	(2015)			Observations	regression	were aware about traditional
	Technical				and	model,	knowledge. They have
	Knowledge: Case				Focus Group		significant awareness in all
	of Northern				Discussions		subsectors of agriculture and
	Bangladesh				(FGDs)		their awareness serves the
							purpose of sustainable
							agriculture.
34.	Promoting tribal	Priyadarshin	India	Environmental	Secondary data	pilot study	The study revealed that, with the
	communities and	i		development			help of Indigenous knowledge
	indigenous	(2019)					improvement in the income,
	knowledge as						women and child health and
	potential solutions						education of these communities
	for the sustainable						can be possible through
	development of						traditional knowledge and its
	India						directly have a positive effect on
							the SDG 1, 2, 3, and 4.
35.	The use of	Rankoana et	Limpopo	African Journal	Focus group	content	The results indicated that, disease
	indigenous	al.,	Province	for Physical,	discussions	analysis	etiology, medical ethno-
	knowledge in	(2015)		Health			botanical, health implications of
	primary health			Education,			food and knowledge as the

	care: A case study			Recreation and			traditional knowledge systems
	of Makanye			Dance			used to maintain good health.
	community in						
	Limpopo Province,						
	South Africa						
36.	Indigenous	Rudnev	Russia	Global	Literature	Content	The findings revealed that,
	knowledge:	(2015)		Bioethics	Review	analysis	indigenous knowledge plays
	searching for a						important role in different areas
	model of				OX		like: Life-support activities,
	sustainable						nature - society relationships,
	development for						bridge the gap between past and
	humankind						future, Jurisdiction and law,
							better understanding of the
							cultures, forecasting and
							directing the future.
37.	Synergy	Savi et al.	West	Environment	Semi-structured	Analysis of	The findings revealed that, local
	between traditional	(2018)	Africa	Development	interviews	covariance	species, local plants and
	knowledge of use			and		ANCOVA	establishment of Cola garden is
	and tree population			Sustainability			necessary for sustainability.
	structure						Genetic studies to guide
	for sustainability						sampling of trees for the
	of Cola nitida	112					establishment of garden are also
	(Vent.) Schott. &						suggested.
	Endl in Benin						

	(West Africa)						
38.	Role of SDGs in	Shava,	South	Scaling up	Literature	Content	The reviews founded that, there
	Reconceptualising	Makokotlela	Africa	SDGs	review	analysis	was no coverage of SDGs in the
	the Education for	&		implementation			module and that there was a
	Sustainable	Hebe					limited effort towards
	Development	(2020)					Africanisation and
	Curriculum in						contextualization of the content.
	Higher Education						
	in South Africa				\circ		
39.	Traditional	Singha,	northeast	Journal of	Participatory	Descriptive	The results indicated that, the
	knowledge and bio	Prettyb &	India	Environmental	techniques,	analysis	participation of knowledge
	cultural diversity:	Pilgrimb		Planning and	Interview,		holders in various village level
	learning from tribal	(2009)		Management	Questionnaire		activities can improve the
	communities for						promotion of traditional
	sustainable						practices, learning of knowledge
	development in						and conservation of related
	northeast India						resources. Knowledge holders of
							different age groups and social
							systems have many and different
							important traditional practices
		11/2					that provide solutions to current
							challenges and problems.
40.	Advancing	Smith et al.	Canada	Sustainability	Literature	Content	The study showed that, local

	sustainability	(2018)		Science	Review	analysis	knowledge encouraging many
	science						local action-learning experiments
	for the SDGs						that link with many SDGs, and
							which are actively networked
							and followed to achieving global
							goals.
41.	Knowledge	Smylie et al.	Canada	International	Literature	Thematic	The findings revealed that
	translation and	(2004)		Journal of	review	analysis	traditional knowledge translation
	indigenous			Circumpolar	based		methods for health sciences
	knowledge			Health			research is essential for
							sustainable developed.
42.	Mentoring Program	Soler &	Mexico	Sustainability	case study	Thematic	The study concluded that, the
	to Achieve SDGs	Sandoval-				analysis	sustainable development goals
	in Local Contexts:	Rivera					acted as a referential guide to
	A Case Study in	(2019)					assure aligned objectives, but the
	Communities from						program also incorporated shared
	Southern Mexico						intergenerational concerns.
43.	Creating a space	Sterling,	Pacifc	Sustainability	Secondary data	Descriptive	The study indicated that,
	for place	Pascua &	Islands	Science		statistics	traditional knowledge helps in
	and multidimension	McCarter					achieving SDGs through various
	al well-being:	(2020)					local norms and values available
	lessons learned						in the society.
	from localizing						

	the SDGs						
44.	Efforts of	Su, Ren,	China	Forests	interviews,	Descriptive	The findings revealed that, the
	Indigenous	Qin, Hou &			group	analysis	local people effectively and
	Knowledge in	Wen			Discussions,		efficiently use the resources
	Forest and	(2020)			participant		through moral constraints, public
	Wildlife				observation,		belief constraints, and worship
	Conservation: A				and secondary		customs.
	Case Study on				data		Indigenous knowledge has also
	Bulang people in				\circ		played an important role in
	Mangba village in						protecting forests, wild animals,
	Yunnan Province,						and plants.
	China						
45.	A review of	Thompson,	Australia	Ecology and	Literature	Content	The study demonstrated that,
	Indigenous	Lantz &		Society	review	analysis	indigenous peoples and their
	knowledge and	Ban					knowledge have been engaged in
	participation in	(2020)					environmental observing through
	environmental						a multiplicity of participatory
	monitoring						measures.
46.	Indigenous	Tume,	Cameroon	Climate	Focus group	Frequency,	The results indicated that,
	Knowledge and	Kimengsi			discussions,	Percentage	indigenous farmers have the
	Farmer Perceptions	& Fogwe			Interview,		ability to exactly observe and
	of Climate and	(2019)			Questionnaire		anticipate local conditions in
	Ecological Changes						many ways to serve their local

	in the Bamenda						realities more aptly than outer
	Highlands of						forecasts. Such indigenous
	Cameroon: Insights						knowledge plays an important
	from the Bui						role in understanding local
	Plateau						climate information that
							replicates biological variability.
47.	Introduction:	Virtanen,	Finland	Current	Systematic	Content	The findings revealed that,
	toward more	Siragusa, &		opinion in	literature	analysis	various dimensions of
	inclusive	Guttorm		Environmental	review		Traditional ideas of sustainability
	definitions of	(2020)		Sustainability			show how context-based
	sustainability						relational thinking bridges
							community-based governance,
							humans and nonhumans,
							language education, , and quality
							of life and health.
48.	Acknowledging	Williams,	South	Land	Systematic	qualitative	The researcher studied that,
	Indigenous and	Sikutshwa	Africa		Literature	(content) and	multiple landscape values and
	Local Knowledge	&			Review	quantitative	their interaction with structures
	to Facilitate	Shackleton				(descriptive)	and policies dealing with
	Collaboration in	(2020)					landscape management and
	Landscape						governance are important for
	Approaches—	112					broader adoption of landscape
	Lessons from a						methods that include ILK as a
	Systematic Review						key part.

49.	Application of	Yang,	China	Sustainability	interviews with	Descriptive	The findings showed that, 80%
	Traditional	Wang,			villagers, focus	analysis	of the world's protected areas are
	Knowledge of Hani	Wang &			group		settled by indigenous people.
	People in	Guo			discussion, and		Approximately 11% of the
	Biodiversity	(2018)			field		worlds and 22% of developing
	Conservation				investigation		countries' forests are managed
							by local societies or minorities.
50.	An Application of	Yu-Yu	Taiwan	Sustainability	Case study,	Thematic	The researchers studied that,
	Sustainable	(2018)			interview	analysis	Smangus people encompassing
	Development in						everything from flora and fauna
	Indigenous						for food, landscape, medical
	People's Revival:						purposes to weather, landscape,
	The History of an						and natural resources in an
	Indigenous Tribe's						environment friendly manner and
	Struggle in Taiwan						an approach to sustain their local
							knowledge.

Source: Compiled by researchers

5. Identification of different sectors of indigenous knowledge and contribution of these sectors in achievement of SDGs

Indigenous communities have much contribute to almost all the issues which are the cause of unsustainable use of natural resources. Traditional knowledge can contribute to these worldwide issues through various local practices such as sustainable use of plants and animals, and issues such as climate change, desertification and water quality. Indigenous knowledge is the basis for survival strategies and better decision-making. Various areas are identified by researchers in previous studies conducted in various countries using different techniques such as descriptive statistics, frequency, percentage, factor analysis, content analysis. On the basis of previous studies, various areas are found in which indigenous knowledge is used. These areas include; agriculture, health, education, climate change, cultural identity, environmental justice, fisheries, forests and wildlife, natural resources. The use of indigenous knowledge in these sectors helps in achieving of sustainable development goals. These awareness systems include all areas of life because they are developed by the people from their real and traditional knowledge. Contribution of indigenous knowledge in SDGs represent in this figure:-

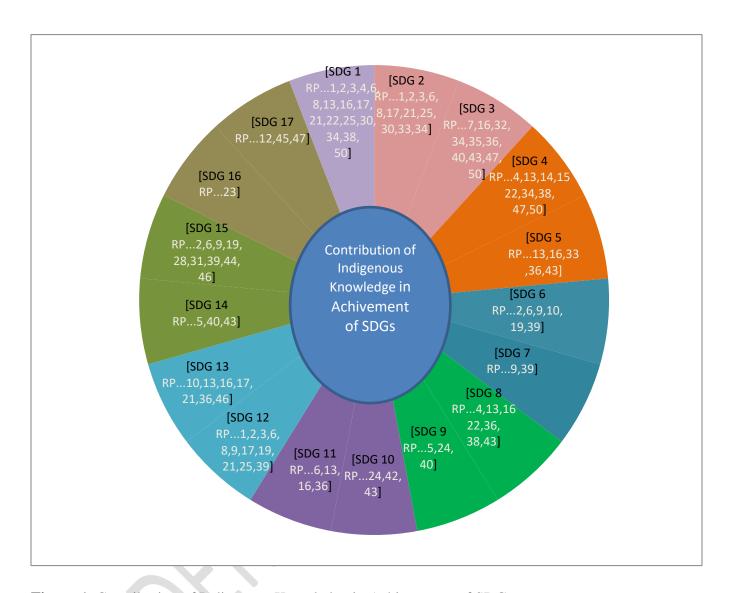


Figure 1. Contribution of Indigenous Knowledge in Achievement of SDGs

Note. SDGs -Sustainable development goals,

RP- Research papers related to indigenous knowledge explained in Table no. 2.

This pie diagram depicts the relationship of indigenous knowledge and sustainable development goals. It is based on the contribution explained by various past researchers in their research articles.

Conclusion

This systematic literature review investigated the current role of Indigenous local knowledge in sustainability and role of indigenous knowledge in achieving sustainable development goals. Today greatest challenges which the society is facing are the issues of socio -economic growth, poverty reduction, the protection of the earth's resources and human welfare and development, common and life support system. Indigenous knowledge systems contribute directly to biological and cultural diversity, conflict resolution, poverty eradication, food security and ecosystem health. Their awareness related to traditional food sources and the fundamental connection between food systems and healthy landscapes can help to promote diets that are sustainable. Local Knowledge contributes towards sustainable development in various sectors like agriculture, health, education, environment through traditional practices. From the viewpoint of anthropology, in order to achieve the SDGs, traditional knowledge is necessary to solve many issues related to sustainable natural resource management and biodiversity conservation. So, it is necessary to respect our traditional knowledge and use local knowledge and practices to make our environment more sustainable. Thus framing policies for sustainable development will require cooperation between scientists and traditional knowledge holders which include local peoples. The government and our society can take the initiatives to support indigenous peoples like, finding new markets for local products, land management plans that are climate-resistant and developing forest, protection of indigenous intellectual property and cultural identities.

COMPETING INTERESTS DISCLAIMER:

Authors have declared that no competing interests exist. The products used for this research are commonly and predominantly use products in our area of research and country. There is absolutely no conflict of interest between the authors and producers of the products because we do not intend to use these products as an avenue for any litigation but for the advancement of knowledge. Also, the research was not funded by the producing company rather it was funded by personal efforts of the authors.

References

- Aluko, Y. (2018). Women's Use of Indigenous Knowledge for Environmental Security and Sustainable Development in Southwest Nigeria. *The International Indigenous Policy Journal*, 9(3), 1–23.
- Ban, N., Eckert, L., McGreer, M., & Frid, A. (2017). Indigenous knowledge as data for modern fishery management: a case study of Dungeness crab in Pacific Canada, *Ecosystem Health and Sustainability*, 3:8.
- Barrantes, C., & Santos, F. (2019). Knowledge management, the missing piece in the 2030 agenda and SDGs puzzle. *International Journal of Sustainability in Higher Education*, 20(5), 901–916.
- Bezák, P., & Dobrovodská, M. (2017). Role of rural identity in traditional agricultural landscape maintenance: the story of a post-communist country. *Agroecology and Sustainable Food Systems*, 43(1), 1–18.
- Bhat, S., Zahid, A., Sheikh, B., & Hussain, S. (2017). Environmental Education in India: An Approach to Sustainable Development. *FIIB Business Review*, 6(1), 14–21.
- Costa-Neto, E. (2000). Sustainable development and traditional knowledge: a case study in a Brazilian artisanal fishermen's community. *Sustainable Development*, 8(2), 89–95.
- Dahlberg, A., & Trygger, S. (2009). Indigenous Medicine and Primary Health Care: The Importance of Lay Knowledge and Use of Medicinal Plants in Rural South Africa. *Human Ecology*, *37*(1), 79–94.
- Echoh, D., Gapor, S., & Masron, T. (2015). The contribution of local knowledge in agriculture to sustainable development. *International Journal of Business and Management Study IJBMS*, 2(2), 38–42.
- Gatica, M., Mujica, M., Barcelo, M., Vio-Garay, M., Gelcich, S., & Armesto, J. (2020). Traditional and Local Knowledge in Chile: Review of Experiences and Insights for Management and Sustainability. Sustainability, 12(5), 1–14.
- Hlongwane, Z., Slotow, R., & Munyai, T. (2021). Indigenous Knowledge about Consumption of Edible Insects in South Africa. *Insects*, *12*(1), 1–22.

- Icon, M., Icon, H., Icon, M., Ghoochani, O., & Borji, M. (2021). Harnessing indigenous knowledge for climate change-resilient water management lessons from an ethnographic case study in Iran. *Indigenous Knowledge for Development: Opportunities and Challenges*, https://doi.org/10.1080/17565529.2020.1841601
- Magni, G. (2017). Indigenous knowledge and implications for the sustainable development agenda. *Wiley Online Library*, 52(4), 437–447.
- Masoga, M., & Shokane, A. (2019). Viewpoint: Indigenous knowledge systems and environmental social work education: Towards environmental sustainability. *Southern African Journal of Environmental Education*, 35, 1–11.
- McGregor, D., Whitaker, S., & Sritharan, M. (2020). Indigenous environmental justice and sustainability. *Current Opinion in Environmental Sustainability*, 43, 35–40.
- Mittal, R., & Sharma, P. S. (2017). Documentation and Application of Indigenous Traditional Knowledge (ITK) for Sustainable Agricultural Development. *Asian Journal of Agricultural Extension, Economics & Sociology*, 15(3), 1–9.
- Mugwisi, T. (2016). Applying indigenous knowledge in agricultural extension: The case of agritex workers in zimbabwe. *Advances in Knowledge Acquisition, Transfer, and Management*, 160–177.
- Opstal, M., & Hugé, J. (2012). Knowledge for sustainable development: a worldviews perspective. *Environment Development and Sustainability*, 15(3), 687–709.
- Patale, K., Awaley, G., & Nakade, N. (2020). Indian traditional knowledge for the treatment of kidney stone: a review. *International Journal of Researches in Biosciences, Agriculture and Technology*, 1, 129–138.
- Patel, S., Sharma, A., & Singh, G. (2020). Traditional agricultural practices in India: an approach for environmental sustainability and food security. *Energy Ecology and Environment*, 5(2), 253–271.
- Pervez, A., Gao, Q., & Uddin, E. (2015). Rural Women's Awareness on Indigenous Technical Knowledge: Case of Northern Bangladesh. *Anthropologist*, 21(3), 415–426.

- Priyadarshini, P., & Abhilash, P. (2019). Promoting tribal communities and indigenous knowledge as potential solutions for the sustainable development of India. *Environmental Development*, 32.
- Smith, J., & Spencer, A. (2020). No one will be left behind?" Taíno indigenous communities in the Caribbean and the road to SDGs 2030. *Worldwide Hospitality and Tourism Themes*, 12(3), 305–320.