Editor's Comment:

Gastrointestinal stromal tumors (GIST) are the most common malignant subepithelial lesions of the gastrointestinal tract. The diagnosis of GIST relies on histological morphology and immunohistochemistry.

The main morphological types of GISTs are the spindle-shaped cell type, epithelial cell type, and mixed type. It is difficult to differentiate between leiomyomas and neurinomas, two other mesenchymal tumors using only Haematoxylin-Eosin staining; differentiation using immunostaining is indispensable. The diagnosis of GIST demands the positivity of KIT or CD34 in the immunohistochemistry. Therefore, it is crucial to present microphotographs of the histology and immunohistochemistry for a well documented case report.

As I mentioned earlier, this case report does not present the basic conditions to be published. The manuscript does not present an unusual condition and do not carry any educational message for the reader practice. The authors did not make the recommended adjustments and did not document the case properly, providing pictures of histology and immunohistochemistry.

Editor's Details:

Dr. Renato Borges Fagundes Professor, Federal University of Santa Maria (RS), Brazil